

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Former date 11-Jul-2007 Revision Date 24-May-2012 Version: 1

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product name NORSODYNE O 12335 AL Chemical Name Unsaturated polyester resin

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Sector of use Resins for composites, Contact us before using for food contact application.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

The mixture is classified as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Symbol(s) Xn - Harmful

Classification R10 - Xn;R48/20 - Xn;R20 - Xi;R36/37/38 - R43

Label elements

contains Styrene, Methyl methacrylate

Symbol(s) Xn - Harmful

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R-phrase(s

R10 - Flammable

R48/20 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

R20 - Harmful by inhalation

R36/37/38 - Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

R43 - May cause sensitisation by skin contact

S-phrase(s)

S16 - Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking

S24 - Avoid contact with skin

S33 - Take precautionary measures against static discharges

S37 - Wear suitable gloves

S 7/9 - Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.

Other hazards

Environmental propertiesShould not be released into the environment.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	EC-No	REACH Registration Number	CAS-No	Weight percent	Classification (67/548)	GHS Classification
Styrene	202-851-5	01-2119457861-3 2	100-42-5	~ 31	R10 Xn; R20 Xn; R48/20 Xn; R65 Xi; R36/37/38	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304)
Methyl methacrylate	201-297-1	01-2119452498-2 8	80-62-6	~ 4	F; R11 Xi; R37/38 R43	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) STOT SE 3 (H335) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Skin Sens. 1 (H317)
phthalic anhydride	201-607-5	01-2119457017-4 1	85-44-9	< 1	Xn; R22 Xi; R37/38 Xi; R41 R42/43	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) STOT SE 3 (H335) Resp. Sens. 1 (H334) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Skin Sens. 1 (H317)

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids

Keep eye wide open while rinsing If symptoms persist, call a physician

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Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes

If skin irritation persists, call a physician

Inhalation Move to fresh air

> If not breathing, give artificial respiration If symptoms persist, call a physician

Do NOT induce vomiting Ingestion

Rinse mouth

If symptoms persist, call a physician

Protection of first-aiders Use personal protective equipment

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Irritating to eyes Eye Contact

Skin Contact Irritating to skin

May cause sensitisation by skin contact

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation

Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

General advice If symptoms persist, call a physician

> Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Cool containers / tanks with water spray, Dry chemical, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Extinguishing Media Which Must

not be Used for Safety Reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special exposure hazards arising Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air

itself, combustion products,

resulting gases

from the substance or preparation Most vapours are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks)

Precautions for fire-fighters

fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Other information Cool containers / tanks with water spray

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

accordance with local regulations

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Remove all sources of ignition

Heat, flames and sparks

Take precautionary measures against static charges

Ensure adequate ventilation Use personal protective equipment

Environmental precautions

The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil **Environmental precautions**

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustable absorbent material, (e.g. sand,

earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

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local / national regulations (see section 13)

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material

Reference to other sections

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling Avoid static electricity build up with connection to earth

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wear personal protective equipment

Prevention of fire and explosion Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition Do not use

compressed air for filling, discharging or handling Empty containers may contain

flammable or explosive vapours

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke Hygiene measures

Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage

conditions

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place Keep at temperature not exceeding 30°C Keep away from heat and sources of ignition

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Peroxides

metallic GRP Tanks (Reinforced Glass Polyester) Packageing material

Unsuitable materials for containers Aluminium copper Copper alloys

Specific use(s)

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

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Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limits

Chemical Name	European Union	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene	-	STEL 250 ppm STEL 1080	TWA 20 ppm TWA 85 mg/m ³
100-42-5		mg/m³	STEL 40 ppm STEL 170 mg/m ³
		TWA 100 ppm TWA 430 mg/m ³	
Methyl methacrylate		STEL 100 ppm STEL 416 mg/m ³	TWA 50 ppm STEL 100 ppm
80-62-6		TWA 50 ppm TWA 208 mg/m ³	
phthalic anhydride		STEL 12 mg/m ³ TWA 4 mg/m ³	TWA 4 mg/m ³ STEL 12 mg/m ³
85-44-9		Sen+	Sensitizer

Legend:

Sensitisers Skin designation **Hazard Designation** C: Carcinogen M: Mutagen

R: Toxic to reproduction

Biological standards

Chemical Name	European Union	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene	-	We are not aware of any national	We are not aware of any national
100-42-5		exposure limit.	exposure limit.

Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

Engineering measures Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. When

working in confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply of air

suitable for breathing and wear the recommended equipment.

Personal protective equipment

General Information Use personal protective equipment.

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. Breathing Respiratory protection

apparatus with filter. Type A.

Eye protection Safety glasses with side-shields Do not wear contact lenses

Skin and body protection Antistatic boots. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Impervious gloves Glove material: Neoprene Nitriles Viton (R) Polyvinyl alcohol Hand protection Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or

chemical breakthrough

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Property	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remark</u>
Appearance	translucent	
Physical state	Liquid	
Particle size	Liquid	no data available
Odour	Styrene	Tio data available
Odour Threshold	ctyrene	no data available
pH		no data available
pH (as aqueous solution)		no data available
Melting point/range		no data available
Freezing point		no data available
Boiling point		no data available
Flash point	31 °C	no data avallable
Evapouration rate	31 6	no data available
=		no data avallable
Flammability Limits in Air upper	_	
lower		
	- 6 hPa	20°C
Vapour density	o fira	no data available
Vapour density	4.40 (1/2)	25°C
Density	1.12 g/cm3	25 C
Water solubility	Insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient:		no data available
n-octanol/water		
Autoignition temperature		no data available
Decomposition temperature	000 B	no data available
Viscosity	330 mPas	25 °C
Explosive properties		
Oxidizing properties		

Other information

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remark</u>

Solubility in other solvents Soluble in most organic solvents

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation Polymerisation can occur.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks

Exposure to light

Take precautionary measures against static charges

Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Peroxides

Hazardous decomposition products

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Hazardous decomposition

products r

Incomplete combustion and thermolysis produces potentially toxic gases such as carbon

monoxide and carbon dioxide

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Product Information

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged

exposure through inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Local effects

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged

exposure through inhalation Irritating to respiratory system

Skin Contact Irritating to skin

May cause sensitisation by skin contact

Eye Contact Irritating to eyes

Sensitisation

Inhalation None

Skin Contact May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Chronic toxicity

Target Organ Effects Central nervous system (CNS). Reproductive System. Respiratory system. Eyes. Liver.

Skin.

Specific effects

CarcinogenicityAnimal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.Mutagenic EffectsAnimal testing did not show any mutagenic effectsReproductive toxicityAnimal testing did not show any effects on fertility

Developmental ToxicityAnimal studies did not show statistically significant developmental toxicological effects.

Acute toxicity - Component Information

-							
I	Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation			
	Styrene	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)		11.8 mg/L (Rat) 4 h			
	Methyl methacrylate	7872 mg/kg (Rat)	5 g/kg (Rabbit)	400 ppm (Rat)1 h 4632 ppm (Rat)4 h			
ſ	phthalic anhydride	1530 mg/kg bw (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg bw (Rabbit)	2.14 mg/L (Rat) 4 h			

Chemical Name	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated	
	List	Substances	
Styrene	Group I Chemical	High Exposure Concern	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene 100-42-5	LC50 Algae 72h 4.9 mg/L	EC50 Daphnia magna 48h 4.7 mg/L	LC50 Fish 96h 4.02 - 10 mg/L	

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Methyl methacrylate	EC50 Pseudokirchneriella	EC50 Daphnia magna 48h	LC50 Pimephales promelas	
80-62-6	subcapitata 96h 170mg/L	69mg/L	96h 125.5-190.7mg/L LC50	
		_	Lepomis macrochirus 96h	
			153.9-341.8mg/L LC50	
			Lepomis macrochirus 96h	
			170-206mg/L LC50	
			Pimephales promelas 96h	
			243-275mg/L LC50 Poecilia	
			reticulata 96h	
			326.4-426.9mg/L LC50	
			Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h	
			79mg/L	
phthalic anhydride		EC50 Daphnia magna 48h	LC50 Fish 7d 560 mg/L	
85-44-9		> 640 mg/l	(Brachydanio rerio)	

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Chemical Name	log Pow
Styrene - 100-42-5	3
Methyl methacrylate - 80-62-6	0.7
phthalic anhydride - 85-44-9	1.6

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available.

Other adverse effects

None known.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused **Products**

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Other information

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the

product was used

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID

UN-No UN1866 **Hazard class** 3

Proper shipping name Resin solution

Packing group

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Classification Code F1
Tunnel restriction code (D/E)
ADR Hazard Id (Kemmler 30

Number)

Description UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (D/E)

Limited quantity LQ7

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1866 Hazard class 3

Proper shipping name Resin solution

Packing group III
Marine pollutant NP
EmS F-E, S-E

Description UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (31°C c.c.)

Limited quantity 5 L

ICAO/IATA

UN-No UN1866
Hazard class 3
Packing group III
ERG Code 3L

Description UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

Limited quantity 10 L

ADN

UN-No UN1866
Hazard class 3
Packing group III
Classification Code F1
Special Provisions 640E

Description UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

Limited quantity LQ7 Ventilation VE01

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The mixture is classified as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC.

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European Union

Chemical Name	96/82/EC (SEVESO) - §9	96/82/EC (SEVESO) - §6, §7
Styrene - 100-42-5	50000	5000 tonne
		50000 tonne

National regulatory information

The United Kingdom

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

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Ireland

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

Chemical Safety Assessment

No information available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

R10 - Flammable

R20 - Harmful by inhalation

R65 - Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

R11 - Highly flammable

R43 - May cause sensitisation by skin contact

R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes

R22 - Harmful if swallowed

R36/37/38 - Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

R48/20 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

R37/38 - Irritating to respiratory system and skin

R42/43 - May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact

Former date 11-Jul-2007 Revision Date 24-May-2012 Revision Note not applicable

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PREPARATION AND COMPANY

Product Name and/or Code: ANDONOX KP-9

Intended use: Initiator for unsaturated polyester resin.

Name and address of the company: Syrgis Performance Initiators AB

Box 26083

SE-100 41 Stockholm

Sweden

Telephone: +46 8 545 121 60

In case of an emergency: contact tel. +46 8 33 70 43 or National Poison Centre.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION OF THE PREPARATION





Danger classification: O = Oxidising

C = Corrosive

May cause fire. Harmful if swallowed. Causes burns.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	EINECS-no	CAS-no	Conc.%	Symbol/R-phrases
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide	215-661-2	1338-23-4	30-40	E, C / 2, 22, 34
Dimethyl phthalate	205-011-6	131-11-3	35-45	none
Proprietory phlegmatiser	202-259-7	93-58-3	15-25	Xn / 22
Hydrogen peroxide	231-765-0	7722-84-1	< 2	O, C / 5, 8, 20/22,
				35
Methyl ethyl ketone(2-butanone)	201-159-0	78-93-3	< 1.5	F, Xi / 11,36,66,67
Water			< 1,5	None

For the full R-phrases see section 16.

Last Changed: 17 September 2009 Product name: ANDONOX KP-9 1(7) Replaces: 22 January 2009

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General:

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest, if breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

Eye contact:

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, alternate 2% NaCO₃, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical advice if necessary.

Ingestion:

If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Drink water or milk, and **DO NOT** induce vomiting.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

This peroxide is hard to ignite but will burn vigorously with acceleration. Use Water from a safe distance – preferably with a water-fog nozzle. For very small fires, an extinguisher with carbon dioxide, foam or dry chemical may be effective. In case of a fire in or near a storage area, cool stored containers with water spray.

Recommendations:

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.

Decomposition products see section 10.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapours. Absorb the leak with an inert, non-combustible absorbent material, e.g. sand, earth, perlite or vermiculite. Transfer the material into a clean approved container for proper disposal. Wet the material with water. Wash the contaminated zone. Dike to prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, streams etc. Avoid skin and eye contact. Wear personal protection equipment recommended in section 8.

If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewage, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Last Changed: 17 September 2009 Product name: ANDONOX KP-9 2(7)

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Provide adequate ventilation. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not use near food or drink. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapours. Wear personal protection equipment recommended in section 8. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame. No sparking tools should be used. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Dilution is not recommended. Never dilute with acetone.

Storage:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original package, in cool, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, fires, sparks and direct sunlight. For maximum shelf life we recommend to store the product at temperatures not higher than 25°C. At higher temperatures the shelf life will be reduced. For safety reasons the storage temperature should not exceed 35°C.

The product must never be stored together with accelerators such as dryers, heavy metal compounds etc. Avoid contact with rust. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials. Rotate stock using the oldest material first. Prevent unauthorised access.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Measures.

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Use clean equipment and tools of inert material such as stainless steel, polyethylene, polypropylene, glass. All equipment should be earthed. Use Peleus ball when pipetting the peroxide solutions.

Exposure Limits:

Component	CAS-no.	Swedish Exp.limits	ACGIH / Type
		/ Type	
Methylethyl ketone peroxide	1338-23-4	0.2 ppm / C	0.2 ppm / C
Dimethylphtalate	131-11-3	$3.0 \text{ mg/m}^3 / \text{TWA}$	$5 \text{ mg/m}^3 / \text{TWA}$
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	1 ppm / TWA	1 ppm / TWA
Butanone (methylethyl ketone)	78-93-3	50 ppm / TWA	200 ppm / TLV

No EEC-list available.

TWA = Time Waited Average TLV = Threshold Limited Value C = Ceiling Limited Value

Personal Protection.

Respiratory protection:

Is required if the limit like TLV are exceeded. Gas mask with filter A (brown, organic substances) may be necessary.

Hand protection:

Use resistant gloves of: butylrubber, ethylen-vinylalcohol, teflon.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred.

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Eye protection:

Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids. Splashes in the eyes may cause serious eye damage.

Skin protection:

Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibre or of high temperature resistant synthetic fibre. All parts of the body should be washed after contact.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Liquid
Flash point (°C)	> 80 Method: Seta Flash
Viscosity at 20°C (mPas)	9-15
pН	4 – 7
Active oxygen (%)	9.0 - 9.2
SADT °C	60
Density at 20°C (g/cm ³)	1.12 - 1.15
Colour	clear, colourless
Solubility in water	Immiscible

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Stable when kept in original, closed container, out of direct sunlight at temperatures below 35°C. Decomposition of product due to heat or contamination may lead to fire or strong explosions. SADT 60 °C.

Hazardous reactions:

Self-decomposition is catalysed by substances such as acids, strong bases, tert-amines, Friedel-crafts catalysts and heavy metals.

Materials and conditions to avoid:

Violent reactions can occur if the product comes in contact with cobalt accelerators or other peroxide accelerators /promoters, rust, heavy metal compounds, brass, galvanized steel, acetone, reducing or oxidizing agents and strong acids or bases. Therefore these materials must be avoided. Grinding dust and dirt must be avoided as well. Avoid higher temperatures and direct sunlight. Confinement in stainless steel equipments (tanks, vessels, pipes etc) must also be avoided.

Decomposition and combustion products:

Carbon dioxide, Water, Acetic acid, Formic acid, Propanoic acid.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There are no data available on the preparation itself.

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Irritation data(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide <45%):

Skin(rabbit)	500mg	AIHAAP 19, 205, 1958
Eye(rabbit)	3mg	AIHAAP 19, 205, 1958

Toxicity data(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide <45%):

Oral (rat) LD-50	484mg/kg	AIHAAP 19, 205, 1958
Oral (mouse) LD-50	470mg/kg	JAMAAP 165, 201, 1957
Inhalation(rat) LC-50	200ppm/4h	AIHAAP 19, 205, 1958
Inhalation(mouse)LC-50	170ppm/4h	AIHAAP 19, 205, 1958

Toxicity effects:

This product is extremely irritant for the eyes, just a few drops of it might cause irreversible lesion and permanent injury of the cornea. If there is a skin contact, it might cause irritation, skin-rash, swelling and chapping. The inhalation of its vapours causes cough, headache and irritation of the respiratory-system. Swallowing causes strong irritation and burn of throat and stomach. Perforations of the mucous membranes might occur and, according to its quantity, it might also cause the death of the injured person. The organic peroxides are dangerous for the organism since the peroxide oxygen is reduced to radical that induces into the cellular metabolism.

Skin contact:

Strongly irritant. Causes burns

Eyes contact:

Strongly irritant, corrosive.

Ingestion:

Harmful

Cancerogenic-Mutagenic-Reproductive effects:

No evidence of these effects has been reported.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide 33%

Ecotoxicity

Fish acute toxicity, LC50 (96h) 44,2 mg/l (Poecilia reticulata)

Bacteria EC50 48 mg/l Readily biodegradable (closed bottle test)

Dimethylphthalate Ecotoxicity

Algae Selenastrum capricornutum, IC50 (96h) 39,8 mg/l

Methyl ethyl ketone

Ecotoxicity

Fish acute toxicity, LC50 (96h) 3,22 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)

Bacteria EC50 48 mg/l Readily biodegradable (closed bottle test)

This product is readily biodegradable and it's not toxic to aquatic organisms.

Last Changed: 17 September 2009 Product name: ANDONOX KP-9 5(7)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not allow into drains or water courses. Water and emptied containers should be handled according to local regulations.

The producer recommends destruction of both peroxide rests and empty packaging by combustion under controlled forms.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name: Organic peroxide type D, liquid, (methyl ethyl ketone peroxide)		
UN 3105	Class:	
	5.2	
	Label:	
	5.2	
	Packing group:	
	II	
Marine pollutant: No	EmS:	
-	F-J, S-R	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION





Danger classification: O = Oxidising

C = Corrosive

Contains: Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide

R phrases:

R-7 May cause fire.R-22 Harmful if swallowed.

R-34 Causes burns.

S phrases:

S-3/7 Keep container tightly closed in a cool place.

S-26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

S-36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S-50 Do not mix with accelerators, reducing agents, strong acids, alkalis and heavy

metal compounds.

Last Changed: 17 September 2009 Product name: ANDONOX KP-9 6(7) Replaces: 22 January 2009

16. OTHER INFORMATION

In addition from section 2:

Methylethylketone peroxide. Symbol E, C

Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition

R22 Harmful if swallowed

R34 Causes burns

Hydrogen peroxide. Symbol O, C

R5 Heating may cause an explosion.

R8 Contact with combustible material may cause fire

R20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

R35 Causes severe burns.

Methyletylketone. Symbol F, Xi

R11 Highly flammable R36 Irritating to eyes

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Proprietory phlegmatiser. Symbol Xn

R22 Harmful if swallowed

This product is produced in Sweden.

Last Changed: 17 September 2009 Product name: ANDONOX KP-9 7(7)